# S. 855

To protect children and other vulnerable subpopulations from exposure to environmental pollutants, to protect children from exposure to pesticides in schools, and to provide parents with information concerning toxic chemicals that pose risks to children, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 9, 2001

Mrs. Boxer introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

## A BILL

To protect children and other vulnerable subpopulations from exposure to environmental pollutants, to protect children from exposure to pesticides in schools, and to provide parents with information concerning toxic chemicals that pose risks to children, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Children's Environ-
- 5 mental Protection Act."

1	SEC. 2. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FOR CHILDREN
2	AND OTHER VULNERABLE SUBPOPULATIONS.
3	The Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601
4	et. seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"TITLE V—ENVIRONMENTAL
6	PROTECTION FOR CHILDREN
7	AND OTHER VULNERABLE
8	SUBPOPULATIONS
9	"SEC. 501. FINDINGS AND POLICY.
10	"(a) Findings.—Congress finds that—
11	"(1) the protection of public health and safety
12	depends on individuals and government officials
13	being aware of the pollution dangers that exist in
14	their homes, schools, and communities, and whether
15	those dangers present special threats to the health
16	of children and other vulnerable subpopulations;
17	"(2) children spend much of their young lives
18	in schools and day care centers, and may face sig-
19	nificant exposure to pesticides and other environ-
20	mental pollutants in those locations;
21	"(3) the metabolism, physiology, and diet of
22	children, and exposure patterns of children to envi-
23	ronmental pollutants differ from those of adults and
24	can make children more susceptible than adults to
25	the harmful effects of environmental pollutants;

"(4) a study conducted by the National Academy of Sciences that particularly considered the effects of pesticides on children concluded that current approaches to assessing pesticide risks typically do not consider risks to children and, as a result, current standards and tolerances often fail to adequately protect children;

"(5) there are often insufficient data to enable the Administrator, when establishing a environmental and public health standard for an environmental pollutant, to evaluate the special susceptibility or exposure of children to environmental pollutants;

"(6) when data are lacking to evaluate the special susceptibility or exposure of children to an environmental pollutant, the Administrator generally does not presume that the environmental pollutant presents a special risk to children and generally does not apply a special or additional margin of safety to protect the health of children in establishing an environmental or public health standard for that pollutant; and

"(7) safeguarding children from environmental pollutants requires the systematic collection of data concerning the special susceptibility and exposure of

- 1 children to those pollutants, and the adoption of an
- 2 additional safety factor of at least 10-fold in the es-
- 3 tablishment of environmental and public health
- 4 standards where reliable data are not available.
- 5 "(b) Policy.—It is the policy of the United States
- 6 that—

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- 7 "(1) the public has the right to be informed 8 about the pollution dangers to which children are 9 being exposed in their homes, schools and commu-10 nities, and how those dangers may present special 11 health threats to children and other vulnerable sub-12 populations;
  - "(2) each environmental and public health standard for an environmental pollutant established by the Administrator must, with an adequate margin of safety, protect children and other vulnerable subpopulations;
  - "(3) where data sufficient to evaluate the special susceptibility and exposure of children (including exposure in utero) to an environmental pollutant are lacking, the Administrator should presume that the environmental pollutant poses a special risk to children and should apply an appropriate additional margin of safety of at least 10-fold in establishing

- an environmental or public health standard for that
   environmental pollutant;
- "(4) since it is difficult to identify all conceivable risks and address all uncertainties associated with pesticide use, the use of dangerous pesticides in schools and day care centers should be eliminated; and
- "(5) the Environmental Protection Agency, the 8 9 Department of Health and Human Services (includ-10 ing the National Institute of Environmental Health 11 Sciences and the Agency for Toxic Substances and 12 Disease Registry), the National Institutes of Health, 13 and other Federal agencies should support research 14 on the short-term and long-term health effects of cu-15 mulative and synergistic exposures of children and 16 other vulnerable subpopulations to environmental 17 pollutants.

### 18 "SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.

- 19 "In this title:
- 20 "(1) CHILD.—The term 'child' means an indi-21 vidual 18 years of age or younger.
- "(2) DAY CARE CENTER.—The term 'day care center' means a center-based child care provider that is licensed, regulated, or registered under applicable State or local law.

1 "(3) Environmental pollutant.—The term 2 'environmental pollutant' includes a hazardous sub-3 stance subject to regulation under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 5 Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601), a drinking 6 water contaminant subject to regulation under the 7 Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq), 8 an air pollutant subject to regulation under the 9 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), a water pol-10 lutant subject to regulation under the Federal Water 11 Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.), and 12 a pesticide subject to regulation under the Federal 13 Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 14 U.S.C. 136 et seq.).

- "(4) PESTICIDE.—The term 'pesticide' has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136).
- "(5) SCHOOL.—The term 'school' means an elementary school (as defined in section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801)), a secondary school (as defined in section 14101 of that Act), a kindergarten, or a nursery school that is public or receives Federal funding.

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1	"(6) Vulnerable subpopulation.—The
2	term 'vulnerable subpopulation' means children,
3	pregnant women, the elderly, individuals with a his-
4	tory of serious illness, and other subpopulations
5	identified by the Administrator as being likely to ex-
6	perience special health risks from environmental pol-
7	lutants.
8	"SEC. 503. SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN AND OTHER VULNER-
9	ABLE SUBPOPULATIONS.
10	"(a) In General.—The Administrator shall—
11	"(1) ensure that each environmental and public
12	health standard for an environmental pollutant pro-
13	tects children and other vulnerable subpopulations
14	with an adequate margin of safety;
15	"(2) explicitly evaluate data concerning the spe-
16	cial susceptibility and exposure of children to any
17	environmental pollutant for which an environmental
18	or public health standard is established; and
19	"(3) adopt an additional margin of safety of at
20	least 10-fold in the establishment of an environ-
21	mental or public health standard for an environ-
22	mental pollutant in the absence of reliable data on
23	toxicity and exposure of the child to an environ-
24	mental pollutant or if there is a lack of reliable data
25	on the susceptibility of the child to an environmental

1	pollutant for which the environmental and public
2	health standard is being established.
3	"(b) Establishing, Modifying, or Reevaluating
4	Environmental and Public Health Standards.—
5	"(1) In general.—In establishing, modifying,
6	or reevaluating any environmental or public health
7	standard for an environmental pollutant under any
8	law administered by the Administrator, the Adminis-
9	trator shall take into consideration available infor-
10	mation concerning—
11	"(A) all routes of children's exposure to
12	that environmental pollutant;
13	"(B) the special susceptibility of children
14	to the environmental pollutant, including neuro-
15	logical differences between children and adults,
16	the effect of in utero exposure to that environ-
17	mental pollutant, and the cumulative effect on
18	a child of exposure to that environmental pol-
19	lutant and other substances having a common
20	mechanism of toxicity.
21	"(2) Additional safety margin.—If any of
22	the data described in paragraph (1) are not avail-
23	able, the Administrator shall, in completing a risk
24	assessment, risk characterization, or other assess-
25	ment of risk underlying an environmental or public

1	health standard, adopt an additional margin of safe-
2	ty of at least 10-fold to take into account potential
3	pre-natal and post-natal toxicity of an environmental
4	pollutant, and the completeness of data concerning
5	the exposure and toxicity of an environmental pollut-
6	ant to children.
7	"(c) Identification and Revision of Current
8	Environmental and Public Health Standards
9	THAT PRESENT SPECIAL RISKS TO CHILDREN.—
10	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of this title and annually
12	thereafter, based on the recommendations of the
13	Children's Environmental Health Protection Advi-
14	sory Committee established under section 507, the
15	Administrator shall—
16	"(A) repromulgate, in accordance with this
17	section, at least 3 of the environmental and
18	public health standards identified by the Chil-
19	dren's Environmental Health Protection Advi-
20	sory Committee as posing a special risk to chil-
21	dren; or
22	"(B) publish a finding in the Federal Reg-
23	ister that provides the Administrator's basis for
24	declining to repromulgate at least 3 of the envi-
25	ronmental and public health standards identi-

1	fied by the Children's Environmental Health
2	Protection Advisory Committee as posing a spe-
3	cial risk to children.
4	"(2) Determination by administrator.—In
5	the Administrator makes the finding described in
6	paragraph (1)(B), the Administrator shall repromul-
7	gate in accordance with this section at least 3 envi-
8	ronmental and public health standards determined
9	to pose a greater risk to children's health than the
10	environmental and public health standards identified
11	by the Children's Environmental Health Protection
12	Advisory Committee.
13	"(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
14	date of enactment of this title and annually there-
15	after, the Administrator shall submit a report to
16	Congress describing the progress made by the Ad-
17	ministrator in carrying out this subsection.
18	"SEC. 504. PROTECTING CHILDREN FROM EXPOSURE TO
19	PESTICIDES IN SCHOOLS.
20	"(a) In General.—Each school and day care center
21	that receives Federal funding shall—
22	"(1) take steps to reduce the exposure of chil-
23	dren to pesticides on school grounds, both indoors
24	and outdoors: and

1 "(2) provide parents with advance notification 2 of any pesticide application on school grounds in ac-3 cordance with subsection (b).

### "(b) Least Toxic Pest Control Strategy.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall distribute to each school and day care center the current manual of the Environmental Protection Agency that guides schools and day care centers in the establishment of a least toxic pest control strategy.
- "(2) List.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall provide each school and day care center with a list of pesticides that contain a substance that the Administrator has identified as a known or probable carcinogen, a developmental or reproductive toxin, a category I or II acute nerve toxin, or a known or suspected endocrine disrupter as identified by the endocrine disrupter screening program of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- "(3) Prohibition of Pesticide Application.—Effective beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, any school or day care center that receives Federal fund-

ing shall not apply any pesticide described in paragraph (2), either indoors or outdoors.

"(4) EMERGENCY EXEMPTION.—

# "(A) IN GENERAL.—An administrator of a school or day care center may suspend the prohibition under paragraph (3) for a period of not more than 14 days if the administrator determines that a pest control emergency poses an imminent threat to the health and safety of the school or day care center community.

### "(B) Notice.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Prior to exercising the authority under this paragraph, an administrator shall give notice to the board of the school or day care center of the reasons for finding that a pest control emergency exists.

"(ii) ACTION TAKEN.—An administrator that exercises the authority under subparagraph (A) shall report any action taken by personnel or outside contractors in response to the pest control emergency to the board of the school or day care center at the next scheduled meeting of the board.

1	"(c) Parental Notice Prior to Any Pesticide
2	APPLICATION.—
3	"(1) In general.—An administrator of the
4	school or day care center shall provide written notice
5	to parents not later than 72 hours before any indoor
6	or outdoor pesticide application on the grounds of
7	the school or day care center.
8	"(2) Contents of Notice.—A notice under
9	this subsection shall include a description of the in-
10	tended area of application and the name of each pes-
11	ticide to be applied.
12	"(3) Form.—A pesticide notice under this sub-
13	section may be incorporated into any notice that is
14	being sent to parents at the time the pesticide notice
15	is required to be sent.
16	"(4) Warning sign.—
17	"(A) In general.—An administrator of a
18	school or day care center shall post at any area
19	in the area of the school or day care center
20	where a pesticide is to be applied a warning
21	sign that is consistent with the label of the pes-
22	ticide and prominently displays the term 'warn-
23	ing', 'danger', or 'poison'.
24	"(B) Period of display.—During the
25	period that begins not less than 24 hours before

the application of a pesticide and ends not less
than 72 hours after the application, a sign
under this subparagraph shall be displayed in a
location where it is visible to all individuals entering the area.

### 6 "SEC. 505. SAFER ENVIRONMENT FOR CHILDREN.

- 7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the 8 date of enactment of this title, the Administrator shall—
- 9 "(1) identify environmental pollutants com-10 monly used or found in areas that are reasonably ac-11 cessible to children;
  - "(2) create a scientifically peer reviewed list of substances identified under paragraph (1) with known, likely, or suspected health risks to children;
    - "(3) create a scientifically peer reviewed list of safer-for-children substances and products recommended by the Administrator for use in areas that are reasonably accessible to children that, when applied as recommended by the manufacturer, will minimize potential risks to children from exposure to environmental pollutants;
  - "(4) establish guidelines to help reduce and eliminate exposure of children to environmental pollutants in areas reasonably accessible to children, in-

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1	cluding advice on how to establish an integrated pest
2	management program;
3	"(5) create a family right-to-know information
4	kit that includes a summary of helpful information
5	and guidance to families, such as the information
6	created under paragraph (3), the guidelines estab-
7	lished under paragraph (4), information on the po-
8	tential health effects of environmental pollutants,
9	practical suggestions on how parents may reduce
10	their children's exposure to environmental pollut-
11	ants, and other relevant information, as determined
12	by the Administrator in cooperation with the Direc-
13	tor of the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-
14	tion;
15	"(6) make all information created pursuant to

- "(6) make all information created pursuant to this subsection available to Federal and State agencies, the public, and on the Internet; and
- 18 "(7) review and update the lists created under 19 paragraphs (2) and (3) at least once each year.".

### 20 SEC. 3. ADDITIONAL REPORTING OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RE-

- 21 LEASES THAT AFFECT CHILDREN.
- Section 313(f)(1) of the Emergency Planning and
- 23 Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C.
- 24 11023(f)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 25 lowing:

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1	"(C) CHILDREN'S HEALTH.—
2	"(i) IN GENERAL.—With respect to
3	each of the toxic chemicals described in
4	clause (ii) that are released from a facility,
5	the amount described in clause (iii).
6	"(ii) Chemicals.—Not later than 2
7	years after the date of enactment of this
8	subparagraph, the Administrator shall
9	identify each toxic chemical that the Ad-
10	ministrator determines may present a sig-
11	nificant risk to children's health or the en-
12	vironment due to the potential of that
13	chemical to bioaccumulate, disrupt endo-
14	crine systems, remain in the environment,
15	or other characteristics, including—
16	"(I) any chemical or group of
17	chemicals that persists in any environ-
18	mental medium for at least 60 days
19	(as defined by half life) or that have
20	bioaccumulation or bioconcentration
21	factors greater than 1,000;
22	"(II) any chemical or group of
23	chemicals that, despite a failure to
24	meet the specific persistence or bio-
25	accumulation measuring criteria de-

1	scribed in subclause (I), can be rea-
2	sonably expected to degrade into a
3	substance meeting those criteria; and
4	"(III) lead, mercury, dioxin, cad-
5	mium, and chromium and pollutants
6	that are bioaccumulative chemicals of
7	concern listed in subparagraph (A) of
8	table 6 of the tables to part 132 of
9	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.
10	"(iii) Threshold.—The Adminis-
11	trator shall establish a threshold for each
12	toxic chemical described in clause (ii) at a
13	level that shall ensure reporting for at
14	least 80 percent of the aggregate of all re-
15	leases of the chemical from facilities that—
16	"(I) have 10 or more full-time
17	employees; and
18	"(II) are in Standard Industrial
19	Classification Codes 20 through 39 or
20	in the Standard Industrial Classifica-
21	tion Codes under subsection
22	(b)(1)(B).
23	"(iv) Additional facilities.—If the
24	Administrator determines that a facility
25	other than a facility described in clause

1	(iii) contributes substantially to total re-
2	leases of toxic chemicals described in
3	clause (ii), the Administrator shall require
4	that facility to comply with clause (iii).".
5	SEC. 4. RESEARCH TO IMPROVE INFORMATION ON THE EF-
6	FECTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTANTS ON
7	CHILDREN.
8	The Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601
9	et seq.) (as amended by section 2) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"SEC. 506. RESEARCH TO IMPROVE INFORMATION ON THE
12	EFFECTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTANTS
13	ON CHILDREN.
13 14	ON CHILDREN.  "(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Admin-
14	"(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Admin-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	"(a) EXPOSURE AND TOXICITY DATA.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	"(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and sup-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	"(a) EXPOSURE AND TOXICITY DATA.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and ap-
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) EXPOSURE AND TOXICITY DATA.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and applied research initiatives to examine the health effects and
14 15 16 17 18 19	"(a) EXPOSURE AND TOXICITY DATA.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and applied research initiatives to examine the health effects and toxicity of pesticides (including active and inert ingredi-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and applied research initiatives to examine the health effects and toxicity of pesticides (including active and inert ingredients) and other environmental pollutants on children and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and applied research initiatives to examine the health effects and toxicity of pesticides (including active and inert ingredients) and other environmental pollutants on children and other vulnerable subpopulations, and the exposure of children
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"(a) Exposure and Toxicity Data.—The Administrator, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall coordinate and support the development and implementation of basic and applied research initiatives to examine the health effects and toxicity of pesticides (including active and inert ingredients) and other environmental pollutants on children and other vulnerable subpopulations, and the exposure of children and vulnerable subpopulations to environmental pollutants.

- 1 Human Services shall submit biennial reports to Congress
- 2 describing actions taken to carry out this section.".
- 3 SEC. 5. CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROTEC-
- 4 TION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
- 5 The Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601
- 6 et seq.) (as amended by section 4) is amended by adding
- 7 at the end the following:
- 8 "SEC. 507. CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PROTEC-
- 9 TION ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
- 10 "(a) Establishment.—The Administrator shall es-
- 11 tablish a Children's Environmental Health Protection Ad-
- 12 visory Committee to assist the Administrator in carrying
- 13 out this title.
- 14 "(b) Composition.—The Committee shall be com-
- 15 prised of medical professionals specializing in pediatric
- 16 health, educators, representatives of community groups,
- 17 representatives of environmental and public health non-
- 18 profit organizations, industry representatives, and State
- 19 environmental and public health department representa-
- 20 tives.
- 21 "(c) Duties.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 22 of enactment of this title and annually thereafter, the
- 23 Committee shall develop a list of standards that merit re-
- 24 evaluation by the Administrator in order to better protect
- 25 children's health.

- 1 "(d) TERMINATION.—The Committee shall terminate
- 2 not later than 15 years after the date on which the Com-
- 3 mittee is established.
- 4 "SEC. 508. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 5 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 6 as are necessary to carry out this title.".

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